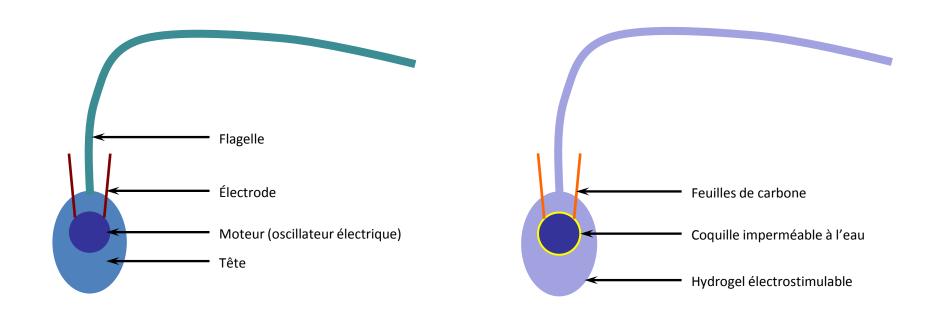
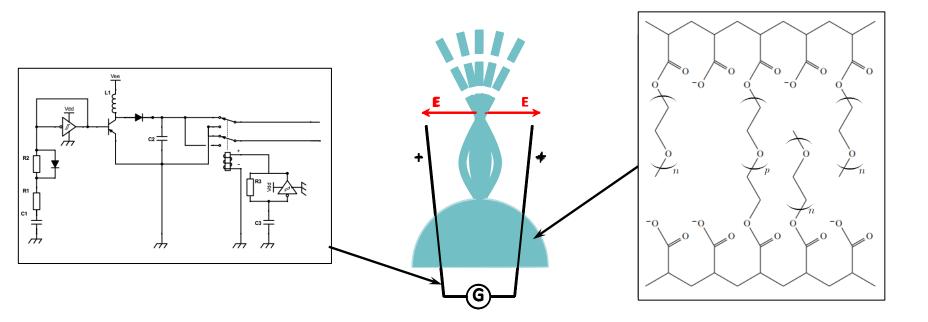
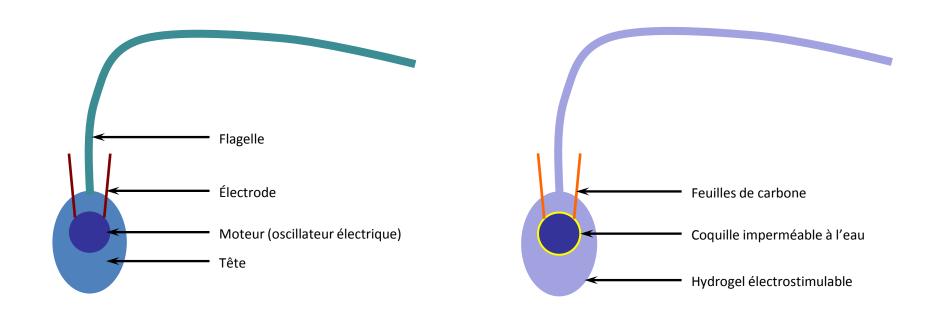
Soft Robotics : conception d'un nageur autonome en polymère électrostimulable

Théo Pesenti - Lucas Sixdenier - Vincent Vinel

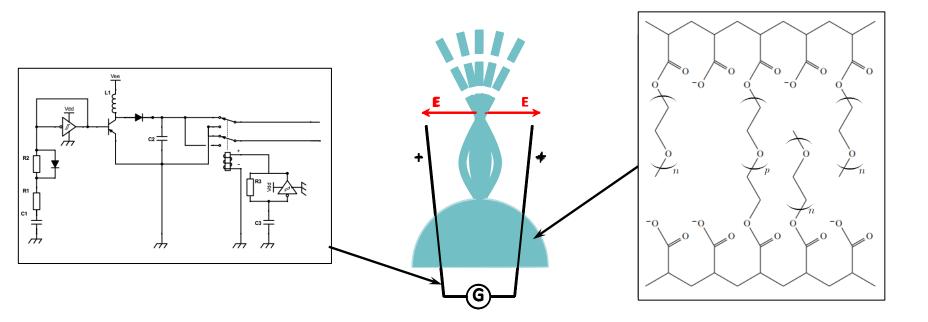


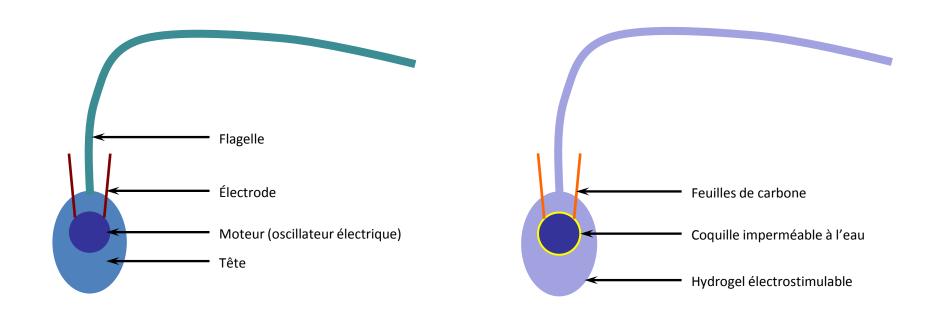
Deux axes de recherche



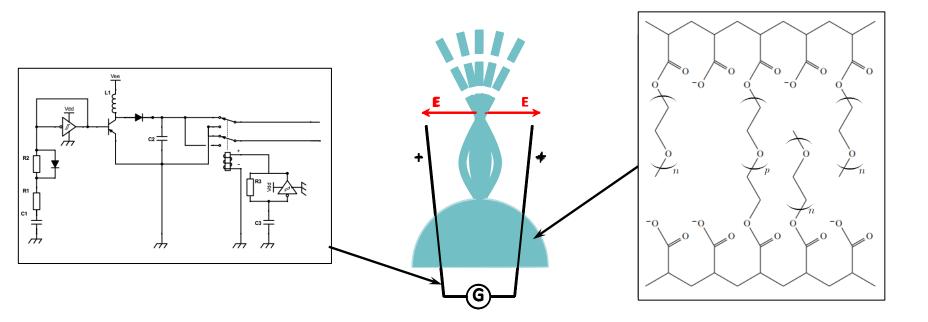


Deux axes de recherche

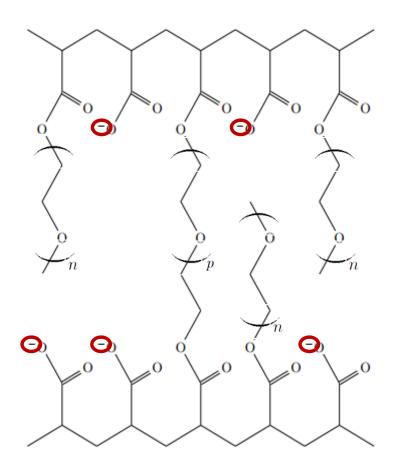




Deux axes de recherche



Le polymère





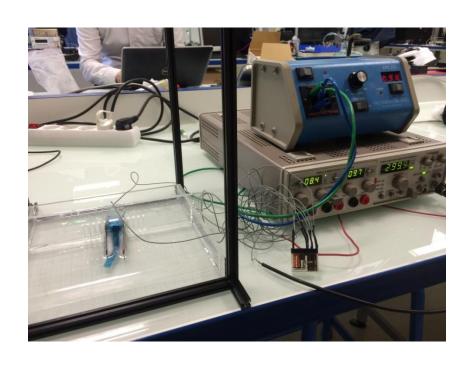
Gonflement d'un polymère AA-PEGA (70/30) après 4h

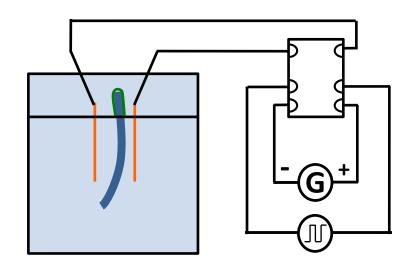
- en milieu acide (pH=2) : **118 %**

- en milieu basique (pH=13) : 135 %

- dans l'eau pure : 160 %

Le montage expérimental



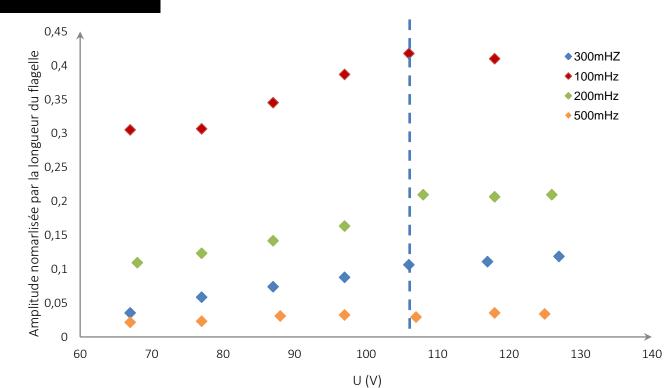


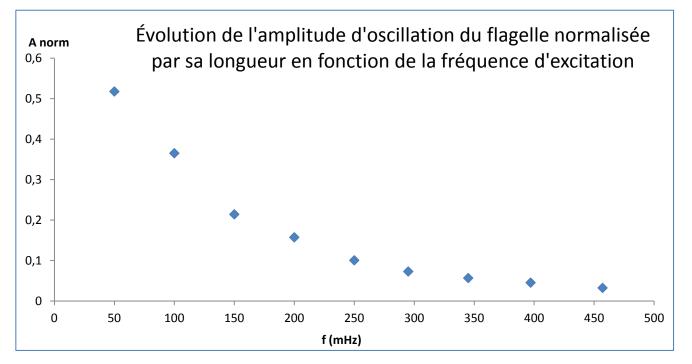
Paramètres: tension et fréquence appliquées

Mesures : vitesse, fréquence et amplitude du battement

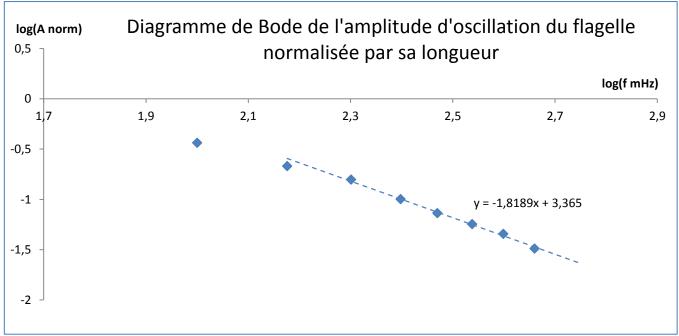
Saturation de l'amplitude pour U > 107V

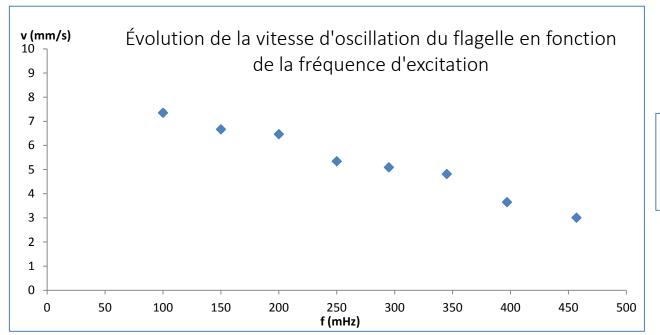
Évolution de l'amplitude d'oscillation de la flèche du flagelle normalisée par sa longueur en fonction de la tension appliquée





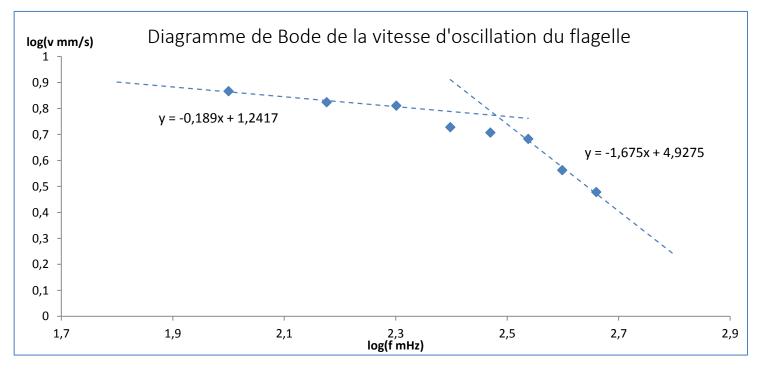
Comportement passe-bas

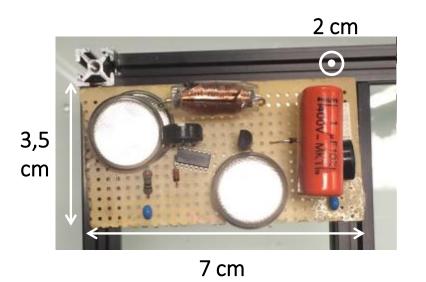


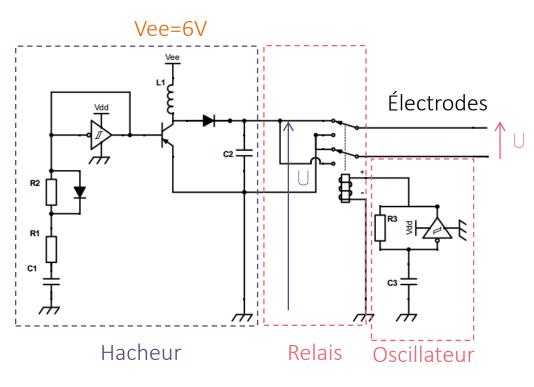


Comportement passe-bas

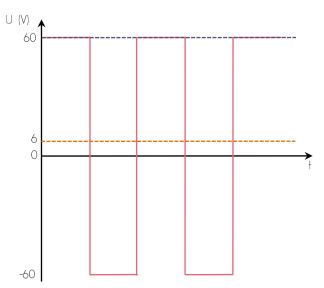
 $f_c = 302 \text{ mHz}$



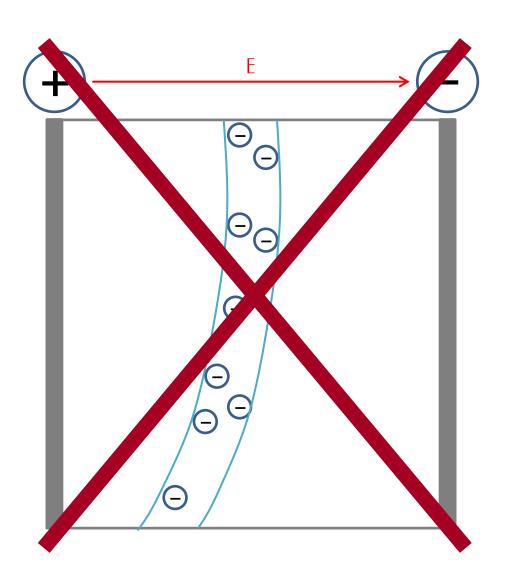


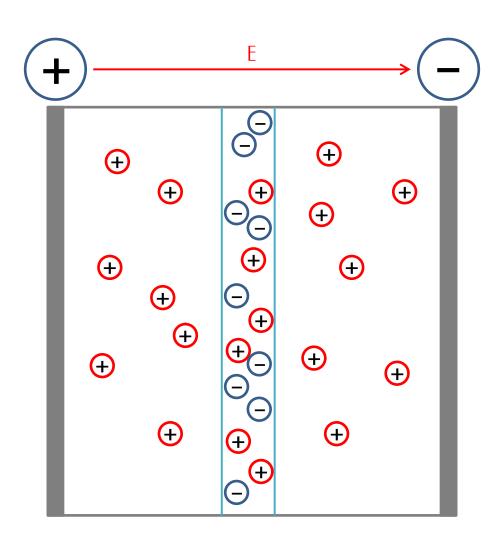


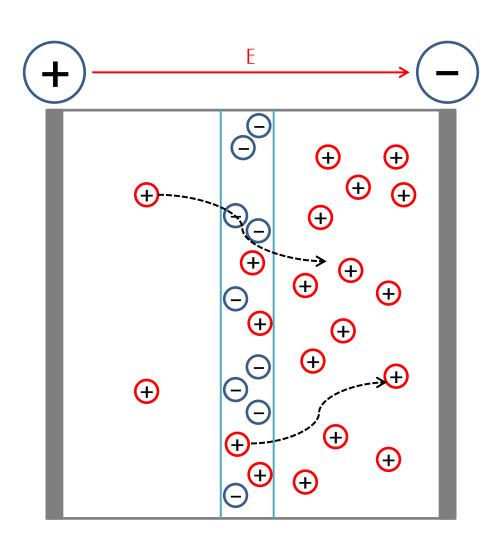


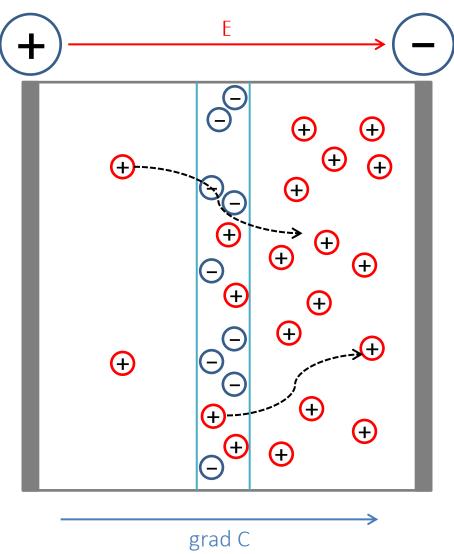


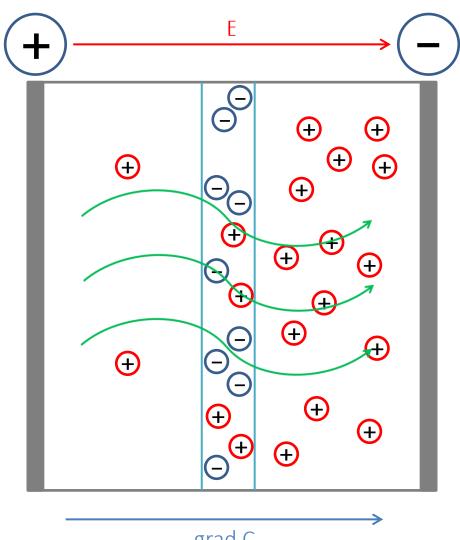
Pas d'interaction charges fixes-électrode



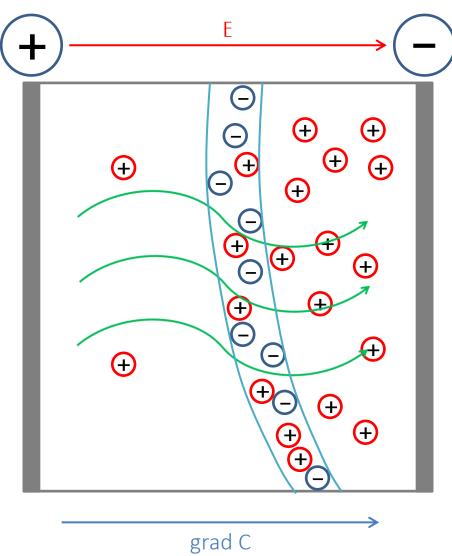


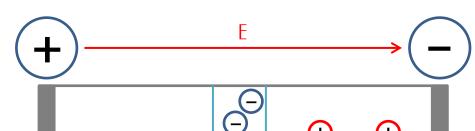






grad C





\oplus \oplus Α B

Pression osmotique

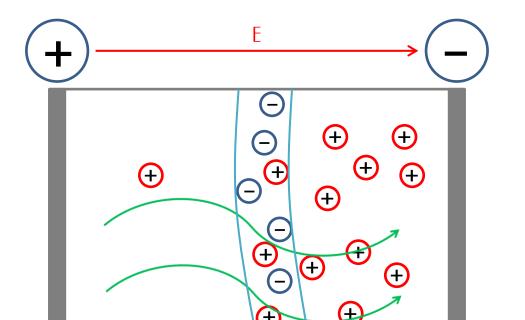
$$C_A(t) = C_A(1 - Dt)$$

$$C_B(t) = C_B(1 - Dt) + C_A \frac{V_A}{V_B} Dt(1 - Dt)$$

$$C_C(t) = C_C + C_B \frac{V_B}{V_C} Dt + C_A \frac{V_A}{V_C} h^2 t^2$$

Loi de Van't Hoff

$$\Delta \pi = RT \left[C_C(t) - C_A(t) \right]$$



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Pression osmotique

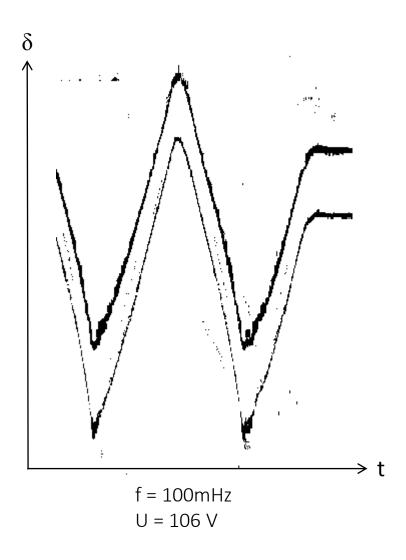
$$\Delta\pi \simeq 2RTC_{O-,B} \frac{V_B}{V_C} D_{Na^+} t$$

Contrainte de flexion faible

$$\Delta \pi = \sigma = \frac{Eh\delta}{L^2}$$

$$\delta = \frac{2RTC_{O^-,B}V_BD_{Na^+}L^2t}{hEV_C} \propto n_{O^-,B}\frac{L^2}{h}t$$

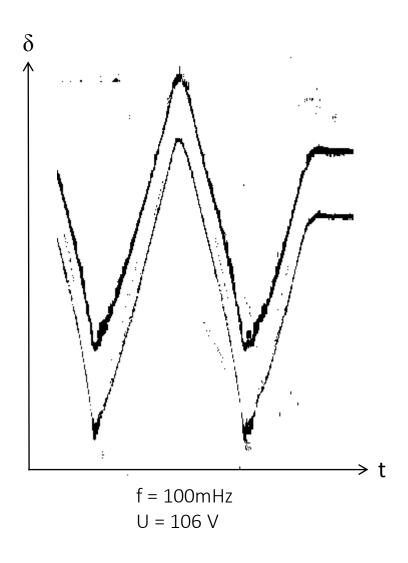
Reslice sur Image J



$$\delta = \frac{2RTn_{O^-,B}D_{Na^+}L^2}{hEV_C}t$$

Profil linéaire v = 8,4 mm/s

Reslice sur Image J



Profil linéaire v = 8,4 mm/s

$$v = \frac{2RTn_{O^-,B}D_{Na^+}L^2}{hEV_C}$$

$$E \sim \frac{RT(n_{O^-,B})^2 \mu_{Na^+} UL}{d_{elec} h^4 v} \sim 1,2MPa$$

Caoutchouc: E ~ 100 MPa

Collagène : E ~ 6 MPa

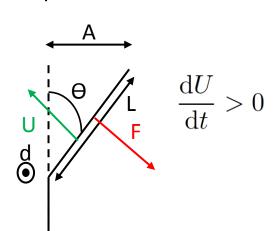
Silicone: E~1 MPa

$$\frac{\mathsf{A}}{\mathsf{B}} = \frac{\mathsf{d}U}{\mathsf{d}t} < 0$$

$$Re = \frac{\rho A v}{\eta} \sim 100$$

Force de masse ajoutée

$$\overrightarrow{F} = -M_f \frac{\mathrm{d}U}{\mathrm{d}t} \frac{\overrightarrow{U}}{|\overrightarrow{U}|}$$



$$rac{U}{t} \sim A \ddot{ heta} \sim rac{A^2}{L} f^2$$

 $F_{prop} \sim \rho A^3 f^2 d$

